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Question Paper Code: 40453

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2021.

Sixth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 8652 - WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

(Common to: Computer and Communication Engineering/Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering)

(Regulations 2017)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. What is Small Scale fading?
- 2. Write the significance of link budget.
- 3. Define frequency reuse.
- 4. What is the trade off that exists between system capacity and coverage?
- 5. How PAPR issue can be addressed?
- 6. Why GMSK is better than QPSK?
- 7. How equalization is achieved through Zero Forcing Algorithm?
- 8. How error probability is computed for fading channel in SISO system?
- 9. Define Pre-coding.
- 10. How beam forming can improve performance of communication system?

PART B —
$$(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$$

11. (a) Derive the two ray ground model expressing the relationship between received power and path loss component.

Or

- (b) (i) Find the Fraunhofer distance for an antenna with maximum dimension of 1 m and operating frequency of 60 GHz. If antennas have unity gain, calculate the path loss. (3)
 - (ii) If a transmitter produces 50W of power, express the transmit power in units of dBm, dBW. If 50 W is applied to a unity gain antenna with a 900 MHz carrier frequency, find the received power in dBm at a free space distance of 100m from the antenna. What is Pr (10 Km)? Assume unity gain for the receiver antenna. (10)

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12. (a) With neat sketch, illustrate the first tier co-channel interference caused in a cluster size of 7. Also derive the expression that relates the system capacity in terms of co-channel reuse ratio.

Or

- (b) How many users can be supported for 0.5% blocking probability for following the trunked channels in a blocked calls cleared systems? 1,5,10, 20, 100. Assume each user generates 0.1 Erlangs of traffic.
- 13. (a) Compare and contrast QPSK, p/4 QPSK, MSK and GMSK.

Or

- (b) Explain the working principal of OFDM, also the significance of cyclic prefix and windowing.
- 14. (a) Explain the working mechanism of Equalizer with a simplified communication system that uses adaptive equalizer at the receiver.

Or

- (b) Write short note on
 - (i) Rake receiver (4)
 - (ii) Space Diversity and S.COM (4)
 - (iii) Frequency diversity (5)
- 15. (a) Discuss about the Space Time Block codes and Derive Alamouti Block Codes for a 2×1 MIMO system.

Or

(b) Compare the error performance of digital modulation techniques for AWGN channel, wireless fading channels and discuss the impact made by diversity techniques in the performance.

PART C —
$$(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$$

16. (a) Given a foot print by the service provider, prepare and illustrate the frequency planning addressing all practical limitations that can be envisaged. (Hint: N=7).

Or

(b) Design a cellular network in a hilly terrain using knife edge Diffraction geometry.

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