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# For Questions, Notes, Syllabus & Results CE 8301 Strength of Materials-I

## Important 13mark questions

### <u>Unit I</u>

- 1. Derive a relation for change in length of a bar with uniformly varying diameter and subjected to an axial tensile load 'P'.
- 2. Derive a relation for change in length of a bar hanging freely under own weight.

#### <u>Unit II</u>

- 1. Derive bending formula.
- 2. A fixed beam AR of length 6 m carries point loads of 150 kN and 120 kN at a distance of 2 m and 4 m from the left end A. Find the fixed end moments and the reactions at the supports. Draw bending moment and shear force diagrams.

#### <u>Unit III</u>

- 1. Derive an expression for crippling load when one end of the column is fixed and the other end is force.
- 2. Using the double integration method derive relation for slope at the supports and maximum deflection of a simply supported beam carrying UDL of intensity w/unit length throughout the span.

#### <u>Unit IV</u>

- 1. Derive the relations for deflection, stiffness of a close coiled helical spring subjected to axial load.
- 2. Derive torsional formula.

### <u>Unit V</u>

- 1. A curved bar of rectangular section 60 mm wide by 75 mm deep in the plane of bending initially unstressed is subjected to bending moment of 2.25 *kNm* tends to straighten the bar. The mean radius of curvature is 150 mm. Find
  - (i) The position of the neutral axis.
  - (ii) The greatest bending stresses.

Draw a diagram to show approximately how the stress varies across the section

2. A curved bar is formed of a tube of 120 mm outside diameter and 7.5 mm thickness. The center line of this beam is a circular are of radius 225 mm. A bending moment of 3 kNm tending to increase curvature of the bar is applied. Calculate the maximum tensile and compressive stresses setup, in the bar.