



91289

-2-



12. a) A simply supported beam of span 10 m carries a concentrated load of 10 kN at 2 m from the left support and a uniformly distributed load of 4 kN/m over the entire length. Sketch the shear force and bending moment diagrams for the beam.

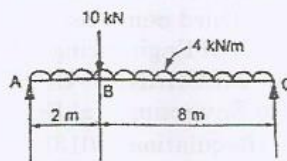


Fig.Q. 12(a)

(OR)

- b) Find the dimensions of a timber joist span 5 m to carry a brick wall 200 mm thick and 3.2 m high, if the weight of brickwork is  $19 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and the maximum stress is limited to  $8 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . The depth is to be twice the width.
13. a) A horizontal beam of uniform section and 6 m long is simply supported at its ends. The beam is subjected to a uniformly distributed load of  $12 \text{ kN/m}$  over the right half span. Find the maximum deflection in the beam using Macaulay's method.

(OR)

- b) A cantilever of span 4 m carries two point loads 10 kN and 8 kN at mid span and free end respectively. Determine the slope and deflection of the cantilever at the free end using conjugate beam method. Assume EI is uniform throughout.
14. a) Determine the diameter of solid shaft which will transmit 300 kW at 250 r.p.m. The maximum shear stress should not exceed  $30 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and twist should not be more than  $1^\circ$  in a shaft length of 2 m. Take modulus of rigidity =  $1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

(OR)

- b) A close coil helical spring of 10 cm mean diameter is made up of 1 cm diameter rod and has 20 turns. The spring carries an axial load of 200 N, Determine the shearing stress. Taking the value of modulus of rigidity =  $8.4 \times 10^4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ , determine the deflection when carrying this load. Also calculate the stiffness of the spring.



15. a) Two planes AB and AC, which are right angles carry shear stress of intensity  $17.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  while these planes also carry a tensile stress of  $70 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and a compressive stress of  $35 \text{ N/mm}^2$  respectively as shown in the following figure, Q 15 (a). Determine the principal planes and the principal stresses. Also determine the maximum shear stress and planes on which it acts.

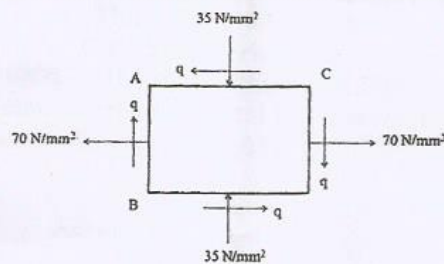


Fig Q. 15(a)

(OR)

- b) The following figure Q. 15 (b) shows a warren girder consisting of seven members each of 4 m length supported at its ends and loaded as shown. Determine the forces in the members by method of joints.

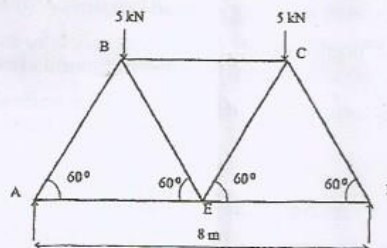


Fig Q. 15(b)

PART - C

(1×15=15 Marks)

16. a) A thin cylindrical vessel of 1 m diameter carries a fluid under  $5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  pressure. If the permissible tensile stress in the material of the cylinder is  $120 \text{ N/mm}^2$ , find the thickness required. Find also the other stress, change in diameter, length and volume of the cylinder if the length of the cylinder is 3 metres.  $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$  and  $\nu = 0.3$ .

(OR)

- b) A circular shaft is subjected to a torsional moment of 120 kNm and a bending moment of 60 kNm. Find the minimum diameter required if the maximum shear stress in the material is limited to  $100 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .