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**Question Paper Code : 70757**

M.E./M.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2019

First Semester

CAD/CAM

MA 5156 – APPLIED MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS

(Common to M.E. Computer Aided Design/M.E. Computer Integrated  
Manufacturing/M.E. Engineering Design/M.E. Mechatronics Engineering/  
M.E. Product Design and Development)  
(Regulations 2017)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART – A

(10×2=20 Marks)

1. Find the generalized Eigenvector of rank 3 corresponding to the Eigenvalue

$$\lambda = 6 \text{ for the matrix } A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}.$$

2. What do you mean by canonical basis ?
3. Define the variation of a functional.
4. Prove that the shortest distance between two points in a plane is a straight line.
5. A problem is given to 3 students A, B, C whose chances of solving it are  $1/2$ ,  $1/3$  and  $1/4$  respectively. What is the probability that it is solved ?
6. A continuous random variable has the probability density function given by  $f(x) = K(x - 1)^3$ ,  $1 \leq x \leq 3$ , find K.
7. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{(s+a)^n}$ .
8. If  $L[f(t); s] = F(s)$ , then show that  $L[t^n f(t); s] = (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s)$ .
9. If  $F(\alpha)$  is the Fourier transform of  $f(x)$ , then find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) \cos ax$ .
10. State the convolution theorem for Fourier transform.

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PART - B

(5×13=65 Marks)

11. a) i) Find the Cholesky decomposition for the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 12 & -16 \\ 12 & 37 & -43 \\ -16 & -43 & 98 \end{pmatrix}$ . (7)

ii) Find the least square solution of  $AX = B$ , where  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ . (6)

(OR)

b) Find QR factorization for the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & -3 & 3 \\ 6 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . (13)

12. a) i) Solve the variational problem  $v[y(x)] = \int_{-1}^1 \left( \frac{1}{2} \mu y'^2 + \rho y \right) dx$  that satisfies the boundary conditions  $y(-1) = 0, y'(-1) = 0, y(1) = 0, y'(1) = 0$ . (7)

ii) Show that the curve which extremizes the functional  $\int_0^{\pi/4} (y'^2 - y^2 + x^2) dx$  under the conditions  $y(0) = 0, y'(\pi/4) = 1, y(\pi/4) = y'(\pi/4) = 1/\sqrt{2}$  is  $y = \sin x$ . (6)

(OR)

b) i) Prove that the sphere is the solid figure of revolution which, for a given surface area, has maximum volume. (7)

ii) Find the extremum of the functional  $v[y(x)] = \int_0^1 (y'^2 + y^2) dx, y(0) = 0, y(1) = 1$  using Rayleigh-Ritz method. (6)

13. a) i) Find the mean, variance and the moment generating function of a Poisson random variable. (7)

ii) If  $X$  is uniformly distributed in the interval  $[0, 10]$ , find  $P(X < 4), P(X > 7)$  and  $P(1 < X < 6)$ . (6)

(OR)

b) i) State and prove the memoryless property of an exponential distribution. (7)

ii) A trainee Soldier shoots a target in an independent fashion. If the probability that the target is hit is 0.8, what is the probability that it takes him less than 5 shots? (6)





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14. a) i) Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{(s+1)(s-2)^2}$  by complex inversion formula. (7)

ii) Apply the convolution theorem to evaluate  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}; t\right]$ . (6)

(OR)

b) An infinitely long string having one end at  $x = 0$  is initially at rest on the  $x$ -axis. The end  $x = 0$  undergoes a periodic transverse displacement described by  $A_0 \sin \omega t$ ,  $t > 0$ . Using Laplace transform, find the displacement of any point on the string at any time  $t$ . (13)

15. a) Obtain the solution of free vibrations of a semi-infinite string governed by  $u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx}$ ,  $0 < x < \infty$ ,  $t > 0$  with initial conditions;  $u(x, 0) = f(x)$ ,  $u_t(x, 0) = g(x)$ . (13)

(OR)

b) Using the Fourier cosine transform, find the temperature  $u(x, t)$  in a semi-infinite rod  $0 \leq x < \infty$ , determined by the PDE  $ku_{xx} = u_t$ ,  $0 < x < \infty$ ,  $t > 0$  subject to the IC :  $u(x, 0) = 0$ ,  $0 \leq x < \infty$ , and the BC :  $U_x(0, t) = -u_0$  (a constant) when  $x = 0$  and  $t > 0$ ;  $u$ ,  $\partial u/\partial x$  both tend to zero as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ . (13)

PART - C

(1×15=15 Marks)

16. a) Find singular value decomposition for the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ . (15)

(OR)

b) A very long homogeneous rod, one end of which is exposed to a time-varying heat reservoir. If the initial temperature distribution is  $0^\circ\text{C}$  along the rod, then solve  $u_{xx} = a^{-2}u_t$ ,  $0 < x < \infty$ ,  $t > 0$ ; B.C. :  $u(0, t) = f(t)$ ,  $u(x, t) \rightarrow 0$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ; I.C. :  $U(x, 0) = 0$ ,  $0 < x < \infty$  by applying Laplace transform. (15)